

# Licking Valley Courier

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Devoted to the Advancement of the Better Things for Morgan County and West Liberty

Always in Advance

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WEST LIBERTY, MORGAN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, AUGUST 15, 1935

WHOLE NUMBER 1297

## Personal

H. M. Davis of Cattle was in town Monday.

W. O. Blair and son Stanley made a business trip to Ashland on Tuesday.

Carl Henry from Logan, W. Va., visited his parents at Pump, Sunday.

Miss Emma Butler, who teaches at Cottle, spent the week end with home folks.

Mrs. W. H. Childers visited her father, R. A. Day, Sunday, and found him improving.

Mrs. Grace Jewell and daughter June are visiting W. H. Childers and family this week.

Paul Henson, Mrs. Lulu Henson, and William Childers made a trip to West Virginia on Sunday.

Evert Nickell moved his family on Monday to Lexington, where he is permanently located.

Lovey Brong accompanied Margaret Brong to Berea on Monday to visit Jenn Margaret Smith.

O. P. Carr and family, of Morehead, visited in Cottle and West Liberty on Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. McClain of Ohio spent Monday and Tuesday here with his sister, Mrs. A. M. Nickell, and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lewis of Wrigley spent Sunday here with his sister, Mrs. W. O. Blair, and family.

Robert Fletcher of Huska was among the attendants at the opening day of circuit court here on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Elam and children, of Lexington, spent the week end here with friends and relatives.

Mrs. W. O. Blair and Mrs. Louise McClain enjoyed a fine dinner Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Asa Blair.

MAN WANTED for Rawlins Route of 800 families. Write today. Rawlins, Dept. KYH-200-SA, Freeport, Ill. 13d.

Mrs. Ada McKenzie and daughters Dixie and Jewel spent last week with relatives in the west part of the state.

C. P. Hargis of Lexington is teaching a class of Sunday school teachers and others at the Baptist church this week.

Reiser West and family, of Middletown, Ohio, are visiting Mr. West's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. West, and other relatives.

Mrs. S. S. Arnett has returned to her home in Ashland after several days' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Henry, at Pump.

Mr. and Mrs. Chalmers May and children have returned from a motor trip thru Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, where they visited relatives.

Bascom Elum of Liberty Road and C. P. Hargis of Lexington were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Adams on Monday and enjoyed a real treat.

Miss Edna Wells accompanied Miss Margaret Brong as far as Richmond on Monday to visit her sister, Mrs. Willie Elam, and family, a few days.

Marle Perkins of Cincinnati, O., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Lykins, of Caney, and accompanied them on a trip to West Liberty on Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Verma Lacy went to Lacy Creek last Thursday and brought her sister, Miss Ruby Williams, home with her. Ruby has been making her home with her aunt, Mrs. D. H. Dawson, the past two years.

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J. L. Blair and son William Allen took a trip Thursday thru western Pennsylvania and New York, by way of Niagara Falls, and back by way of Columbus, Ohio, where they visited Mr. Blair's sister, Mrs. Hendrix Dixon. Mr. Dixon's health is much better and he is still improving.

## TEMPERANCE

Temperance in the sense of moderation has been the theme of so many communications to the public press recently that I think it appropriate to call attention to the fact that as regards habit-forming drugs and drink, and other harmful things, temperance has been held by many of the world's greatest religious and educational leaders to mean not moderation, but total abstinence. I make these observations, not as a prohibitionist, for prohibition is a problem of government dealing with the intoxicating liquor traffic, and temperance is a problem of personal ethics dealing with one's voluntary choice of a way of life, and clear thinking requires that we keep these two problems separate and distinct. I make these observations as a father and as the head of an educational institution deeply concerned with the voluntary choices that young people are making in the matter of sobriety and kindred matters. My hope is that young people who may read these lines without prejudice or self-interest may understand that in the fields of conduct I have mentioned there is much more to be said in favor of total abstinence as the expression of a temperate spirit than can be said in favor of moderate indulgence.

I should like the Repeat and Regular Leagues to answer two questions: (1) Should I as a father encourage my two daughters who do not drink intoxicating liquor to drink moderately?

(2) Should I as the head of a church-related college whose history policy has been the total abstinence as regards intoxicating liquor encourage the students to drink moderately? In each case I would like to be informed what authorities sustain the position that moderate use by young people of a habit-forming narcotic drug is a wise way of life. In each case I would like to know what harm has ever been done by a father or teacher who advised total abstinence to a child or student who voluntarily followed that advice. These answers will apply to thousands of fathers and mothers and hundreds of teachers who are shocked by the open advocacy of a moderate use of intoxicating liquor by authors and can only reply from their own knowledge that the examples of harm done by those who encourage moderate users of intoxicating liquor.

In this discussion we must remember that we are not talking about prohibition but about the voluntary choice of an ideal of personal conduct on the old days not even the liquor traffic itself dared to advise minors to drink liquor, and the law explicitly forbade it. Now we have organized committees that do not directly concern themselves with the liquor traffic aiming to popularize a moderate use of such liquor. There never was a more convincing example of how skillful advertising and propaganda can mislead the public mind. The tragic record of young life ruined by alcohol will have to be written in larger letters before the folly of moderation and the wisdom of total abstinence in the field of intoxicating liquor will be again understood.

Meanwhile I think each person who writes or speaks about this great moral issue must accept a moral responsibility for those who follow the lead he espouses. I can cheerfully accept the responsibility for the young people who choose the way of total abstinence. They will not cause my harm, and not being morose, they do not require alcoholic stimulation in order to enjoy life. But who is so bold, so thoughtless, or so ignorant of the long past, as to accept responsibility for the thousands of young people who are being urged today to drink moderately of intoxicating liquor?

Every father and mother, teacher and minister, in our state should think clearly about this matter. Untold harm is being done by clever writers and speakers who invite youth to drink in moderation. They ignore the common sense principle of life that in the use of drugs or drinks that are habit-forming and potentially dangerous, true temperance is not in moderation but in abstinence. They ignore also the Christian philosophy of life that if I drink cause my brother to offend I will not drink. These principles must be reaffirmed and republished. Young people are entitled to know the whole truth of what intoxicating liquor has done throughout human history. To confuse their minds about a fundamental moral choice as if nothing more were involved than graceful drinking at a social party is not far from criminal

## County Official Primary Vote

For Governor					For Representative				
	Rhea	Walls	Woodson	Chandler		DeWitt	Chaplin	May	Nickell
Ward 1	33	1	1	1	Ward 1	17	13	60	37
Ward 2	128	1	2	130	Ward 2	43	7	72	170
Ward 3	81	1	2	58	Ward 3	18	25	51	51
Ward 4	80	6	2	103	Ward 4	31	60	58	44
Lacy Creek, 5	21	1	1	70	Lacy Creek, 5	15	11	27	21
Lenox, 6	115	1	1	58	Lenox, 6	41	23	19	131
Dump, 7	39	2	1	127	Dump, 7	56	25	12	38
Crockett, 8	11	1	1	53	Crockett, 8	1	8	18	63
Point, 9	63	1	1	92	Point, 9	5	30	23	38
Pondleton, 10	71	1	1	30	Pondleton, 10	32	3	3	3
Malone, 11	89	1	1	68	Malone, 11	27	12	66	10
White Oak, 12	99	1	1	45	White Oak, 12	7	13	19	67
Caney, 13	57	1	1	67	Caney, 13	17	2	75	30
Stacy, 14	51	1	1	73	Stacy, 14	25	9	41	62
Caney City, 15	50	3	3	31	Caney City, 15	2	10	13	49
Adels, 16	49	1	1	31	Adels, 16	1	1	23	11
Flat Woods, 17	82	1	1	11	Flat Woods, 17	20	103	1	1
Pleasant Run, 18	27	1	1	92	Pleasant Run, 18	21	6	56	33
Blaze, 19	12	2	2	21	Blaze, 19	1	1	5	51
Blair Mills, 20	20	1	1	11	Blair Mills, 20	2	1	1	27
Wrigley, 21	110	5	1	15	Wrigley, 21	31	32	32	50
Town Branch, 22	52	1	1	105	Town Branch, 22	12	18	109	14
Geel, 23	78	10	61	2	Geel, 23	22	5	28	105
Murphy, 24	73	15	71	1	Murphy, 24	23	13	21	124
Chapel, 25	67	2	1	46	Chapel, 25	3	3	81	29
Shaffer, 26	90	3	1	50	Shaffer, 26	22	1	57	52
Salem, 27	61	2	61	1	Salem, 27	11	1	40	54
Cox, 28	14	20	1	25	Cox, 28	5	1	21	19
TOTALS	187	68	23	1857	TOTALS	618	310	1213	1493

The above table, which is the tabulation of returns for the primary election held August 11, 1935, is as cast at the regular Morgan county primary held August 3.

In the race for governor, for all the state wide races except secretary of agriculture a secret primary on September 7 will be necessary to hear the voters. In all cases only the two persons receiving the highest total of votes in the above state wide election will be eligible to the secret primary.

In the other state races also below the names of the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes are given.

Following is the total for each race: Lieutenant Governor: P. E. DeWitt 100; Ken Adams 97. Secretary of State: Chas. D. Adams 3282; Ora L. Adams 18. Attorney General: Jesse D. Kash 91; R. M. Vassar 77. Auditor of Public Accounts: D. A. Logan 1065; Hiram C. Stephens 320. Treasurer: S. W. McClain 709. Railroad Commissioner: L. W. A. E. Buck 22.

## TAKE OR LEAVE RELIEF JOBS?

Millions of American citizens will have to choose between taking or leaving relief jobs. The choice will be made by the government, but the relief job holder is the one who must decide.

There is a choice to be made. The government will decide whether to take or leave relief jobs. The relief job holder is the one who must decide.

Those who are offered relief jobs should be expected to take them. The government believes in the attitude of a minority of Americans.

To listen to arguments of quitters calling themselves strikers, and great relief work pay levels that would induce more people to leave regular employment would be economic folly and political folly.

No nation would tolerate such a performance and no administration could survive it—Louisville Times.

## BAPTIST CHURCH

Prayer meeting and song service at 7:30 o'clock every Thursday night. Sunday school at 10 o'clock a.m. Church services immediately after Sunday school and also at 7:30 p.m. Everybody is invited to attend these services. "Not forsaking the assembling of yourselves together."

## ROSCO BRONG, pastor

Mr. and Mrs. Otis Murphy and children, of Saint Mary, Kansas, surprised their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Williams, yesterday morning. They all called on Misses Florence and Josephine McGulre in the afternoon, and will visit other relatives in the county.

## BIRTHDAY PARTY

Mrs. Buford Howard gave the birthday party for her little daughter, Rose, as a remembrance of her first birthday.

The following guests were present: Pauline M. Henry, Lowell Allen, Lure S. B. Bivins, Pauline Blair, Garland Elmer, Mary Edith Shum, Ruth E. L. Franklin, Wendell Franklin, Howard Lee Black, Norana Jean Adams, Doris Jean Carter, Lora Dean Carter, Garry Preston Carter, Abundia Dale Howard, Mabel Carr, Martha Fannin, Ella Ruth Childers, Bess Allen, Mrs. Elmdie Shouse, Mrs. Clifford Bivins, Mrs. Sam Franklin, Mrs. Ova Black, Mrs. Clara Carter, Mrs. H. W. Carpenter.

The cream and cake were served. Many little gifts were brought to the birthday girl by her friends.

## Subscribers for the Courier.

Mrs. J. W. Henry of Pump has been sick, but is able to be out again.

Bernard Lacy left Monday morning for Cincinnati, Ohio, to accept a position in a wholesale house. He will stay with his uncle, F. L. Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyd Blair and children went to Ohio on Tuesday to visit a few days their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Henry Lewis.

Rev. M. B. Whitl of Wrigley is conducting a meeting in a brush arbor at Pump. Roscoe Brong, pastor of the Baptist church at West Liberty, preached there Sunday night.

Dr. and Mrs. Edgar Nickell and children, of Oklahoma, and Mrs. Nickell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Day, of Eminence, came in Saturday for a week's visit with Mrs. Nickell's sister, Mrs. A. P. Galleit, and family, on North Main street.

## BIRTHDAY PARTY

Miss Virginia Nickell gave a fine birthday party to her friends in the commemoration of her sixteenth birthday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Nickell, on Thursday night of last week.

Guests were: Myrtle Galleit, Ann Galleit, Anna Galleit, J. C. Galleit, Charles, Phoebe, Asa Nickell, Cora, Blanche, Bessie, Lela, Lillian, Lorraine, Pauline, George, Charles, Richard, Caskey, Viv, Bess, Lela, Lora, Road, Gay, Lela, Nona, Cooper, Dora, Cox, Sally, D. L. Hargis, Lela, Bess, Ruth, McKelzie, Maudie, McKelzie, Sherman, McKelzie, Lela, McKelzie, Doris, McKelzie, Charles, Burton, Junior, Lela, Harold, Caskey, Henry, Stacy, Helen, Phoebe, Ella Ruth Childers, William, Chandler, Olla, Fannin, Donald, Fannin, Martha, Fannin, Mary, Elizabeth, Fannin, Jack, Fannin, Alene, Fannin, and S. E. Craft, all of West Liberty, and Dora, Canfield of Jackson, Earl E. Murphy of Murphy, Lela Nickell of Hazen, Green, Bob, Walsh of Columbus, Ohio, and Evert Mathis Jr. of Louisville.

For the hostess served refreshments of cake and candy.

## GO TO SUNDAY SCHOOL DAY

The pastors of the three churches in West Liberty are cooperating to observe a Sunday wide observance of Aug. 27 as "Go to Sunday School Day." The churches are making calls and especially urging that this time prove to be a golden day for church going in our town. It is hoped that it may be a record breaking time for Sunday school attendance for each of the three churches. Efforts are being made to get the business centers of our town to close for one hour, from 1 to 2 o'clock, on that morning.

Every reader of this article is asked to pass on the news to the neighbors, to cooperate in getting every child with you attend the Sunday school and church you prefer, for it is sure to attend one.

## CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced open competition examinations as follows: Junior Referee Manager, \$1420 a year, Director of Biological Survey, department of agriculture. Agricultural economists, various grades, \$2300 to \$5500 a year, bureau of agriculture, economics department, department of agriculture.

Full information may be obtained from the secretary of the United States Civil Service board of examiners, at the post office of customhouse and city hall, or a post office of the post in the second class, or from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington, D. C.

## PIE SUPPER AT MALONE

A pie supper will be given at the Malone school on Friday night, Aug. 23. Everybody is cordially invited. We want your support in helping us to make this pie supper a success.

The purpose of this pie supper is to secure money to buy paint for the inside of the school building, and to secure necessary materials for the children to work with.

Bring your friends and your friends' friends—Teachers of Malone school, Emma Williams and Mrs. Hazel Steele.

## THANKS, FRIENDS

I am of course pleased with the result of the primary as regards the race for Representative. I thank you my friends, sincerely, for this result. I am confident you will even more generously give me your support in the regular election. I assure you I will appreciate all your efforts and expect to make it up to all in faithful work at Frankfort.

## J. C. CURREN NICKELL.

## Taking Uncle for a Ride

In Iowa and in many localities in the Dakotas and other midwestern states many farm women and girls are helping harvest the crops because men on relief rolls refuse to work for \$1 to \$3 a day. Uncle Sam has been doing a herculean job of relief and it is beginning to appear as tho Uncle is badly in need of relief himself.

## Church Announcement

Dewey Havens of Dover, in Mason county, who was formerly the pastor of the Old Grassy Christian church, will preach at that church on Sunday morning, August 18. Friends and members of the church are arranging a basket dinner and a social hour for their former pastor.

The Courier goes to Grade A homes

## The Primary

Some two weeks have passed since the primary election for the nomination of party candidates to be voted for in the fall election to fill the various state offices.

A Kentucky governor is not eligible for reelection. This has been one of the chief virtues of our self-centered and egoistic Rully. And so, for four years, whatever of his time and great talents were not needed to serve the corporate and private interests of our state and nation have been devoted to public office, and paving the way for the election of that candidate to the governorship.

By the corrupt and unethical use of the powers of his high office entrusted to him and which he solemnly swore to use for the welfare of the state of Kentucky, Governor Laffoon injured the electorate to pass a ripper bill which he could not and did discharge all state officials who would not follow his lead when he whistled. The same tactics to force a sales tax burden on the poor people of Kentucky and other valuable properties, some of which are used to dispose and lower the standard of Kentucky citizenship of the electorate.

In the primary and the evening of these policies, Thomas S. Rhea or R. S. Rhea, was always a factor in the picture.

Frederick A. Walls of Paris is a successful business man and a truly public spirited gentleman who has been in public life for many years and has always performed a woman service for his party. It was fully demonstrated when the Rully machine began to fill up the office with those who were recommended by that machine. Rully will.

All is not rosy, so we wish the folks of the Rully machine, which the Rully machine has been using to fill up the office with those who were recommended by that machine. Rully will.

## METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday school 9:15 a.m. Mid-week service on Wednesday night at 7 o'clock.

Church services the first and third Sundays of each month at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Young people's service every Sunday night at 8:15 o'clock.

A cordial invitation is extended to everyone to be present at all these services.

J. J. SCUTDGER, pastor

## STRIPPINGS

FROM THE COW BARN BY HANK THE HIRED MAN

Sugar Creek Extension Service

We had a big time at the farmers picnic yesterday. A paw wuz the name after, after we wuz all full of fridde chicken and ice kreme the president sez—

We will awl kum tew ordur an be favored with a few remarks by over whirly tresorer mister perkins.

paw got up an kleeered his throte an sez—this here tresery needs minny tew karry on the work which az yew no iz tew improve farm kondishuns an glt more fer over prodinks, that means we must improve over markets.

we air cettin—seaze—probably az much bred an grane prodinks az we kin but—seaze—we air killin over own market fer hatter bi cettin also.

When he sed that yew had alceerd a blih drop an a lot in the members begin look at ther toes.

I make a moshun—sed paw—that evry time a member in this organization buys oleo that he iz fied won dollar fer evry pound an sed dollar gosse tew over tresery.

thar wuz a lot that seeknd tha moshun an tha pre-hint plect a kommittee.

paw sez thet 70 percent uv tha oleo iz sole in tha famulu kommittees. haint it a stte? HANK



## SEEN and HEARD around the NATIONAL CAPITAL

By Carter Field

Was not down in South Carolina where cotton benefit payments are made, which is so popular in its Democratic that even the Bishop of the diocese did not object to it in 1925, there are said to be rumblings against the New Deal.

There are enough rumblings to deride Old William C. Harrison, retired of the Marine Corps, to throw his hat in the ring for the senate and, against more other than Senator James H. Dyer, generally regarded as the closest follower President Roosevelt has in the senate, if not in congress. So close, in fact, that one Joe Robinson simply turned himself into a White House rubber stamp there was very serious talk of making Byrnes better in his place.

Colonel Harrison, who is a graduate of West Point, has chosen the marines instead of the army and has seen service in nearly every martial theater in which the devil does burned powder. Byrnes is too New Dealer to suit the South Carolina folks, and James H. Dyer, a newspaper campaigner, which have come to Washington, there are at least a few calls to the Palmetto state who agree.

Professor Tagwell seems to be the chief target, but he insists that he is not a John Baskin Democrat, just a plain, old-fashioned Jeffersonian, notwithstanding the fact that he is a Democrat, states rights, low tariff, Democrat.

In fact, he is not for any tariff at all, sticking strongly to the old tariff, the most doctrine, which South Carolina held that the federal government at Washington had no right to rear tariff barriers which would keep foreign goods out of her ports.

Some very shrewd observers think that Colonel Harrison just might make a lot of trouble for the administration's fair-haired senator. They say that the people who put the money up for Byrnes' campaign in the past are very disappointed in him. Particularly on his sticking to the administration on the processing taxes, and on his fight for the death sentence in the public utility holding bill.

**Now They Doubt**

It just so happens that many of the interests that supported Byrnes in his several races were of the conservative variety. They liked Byrnes, all right, but what they were really anxious to do was to defeat Cole Blaise. Now some of them are wondering if Blaise would not have voted more often in their interests, as they see them.

"What do you think of Senators Byrd and Glass of Virginia?" the writer asked Colonel Harrison. "Especially of the way they have opposed the administration on a number of important measures?"

"I wish you would tell your readers that I will not tell Henry and out-Glass Carter," grinned the colonel.

"A great many of our people are getting tired of that relief thing. They want to get people to work, and find them on relief, buying cheap new cars on time with the relief money, and just stopping on the gas. I think Washington is going to be surprised at some of the primaries and elections to come. If the feeling in South Carolina is any indication."

It promises to be rather warm in South Carolina next spring and summer.

**The Ethiopian Mess**

Italy will have no difficulty in defeating the Abyssinians in whatever battles may occur in the approaching war, in the opinion of high military experts both in our own War Department and in various embassies here. The trouble will come after that, they believe, as they fully expect there will be a constant guerrilla warfare for years during Italian efforts at colonization.

Hence it is expected that the Ethiopian mess, which the rest of the world is so anxious to avert, but Italy is so determined to push, will prove highly costly to the Italian treasury for many a long day to come. Experts here figure that Italy will have to garrison the country, so to speak, with strong forces at strategic points, and this, of course, will prove expensive.

Confidentially, for no other dreads speak on such a situation for publication, our army officers are comparing the situation to that which existed for a time after the Spanish-American war in the Philippines. They expect Italy to have more trouble than the United States did for several reasons.

For example, some of them say, it is not likely that any Abyssinian leader would walk into any such trap as clamped Aguilardo in American custody. Incidentally, there is no great pride, even to this day, in our army over that episode. It snuck a little too much of bad faith. Of treachery.

Then, too, our military experts do not believe that any one man in Abyssinia means as much to the fighters of that land as Aguilardo did to the

Italians in their desperate fight.

**Are Good Fighters**

But the most important distinction of all, no army officer would dare whisper, save on the deepest pledge of secrecy. But the truth is that our army officers do not believe the Abyssinians are in the same class with the Abyssinians as fighters. Either physically, morally or mentally. Opinion here is that the followers of the King of Kings are pretty fine specimens, capable of great hardships and valor, and that in addition they are, at least, approaching the fanatic class. Which makes them very difficult to handle, and which promises little in the direction of their submitting to the inevitable after a few spectacular Italian victories.

That there will be these spectacular Italian victories no one here doubts very much. Doubt is that no such force as that of the Abyssinians, no matter how brave or how well drilled, could possibly be a match for the well drilled, well equipped army the Italians will send against them. Especially as Mussolini is apparently taking no chances. He is not sending out the former type of expedition. He is pouring men to the vicinity of the Abyssinian border in numbers that have amazed the military experts of the remainder of the world.

Meanwhile the answer to why nothing happens is simply one thing—water. The Italians are waiting for the rainy season.

**Shaves Hoary Legend**

Just when the public, for the first time in a generation, had a chance to get a liberal education on the value of seniority in congress—just why the multi-service-striped boys always run the machine—Curtis Dick Garner comes along and shaves the hoary whiskered legend!

He is appointing conferees on important controversies between the house and senate to suit himself! Or more accurately, to reflect what he regards as the majority view of the senate. There has been no purging protest about this, for in every instance his appointees represent the majority view. Had it been otherwise, in any instance, a more motion would have resulted in the senate's naming the conferees by vote. Which explains why the senate takes this upstaging of an old tradition lying down.

Seldom before has the country had such a vivid picture of how legislation is really settled—not on the floor of the house or senate—not even in the house or senate committees prior to bringing the measures on the floor—but in the conference between the two houses. After the conferees get through, assuming they ever agree, and the probability is that conferees will agree on all bills this time, there is nothing much for the members of the house and senate to do except take it or leave it. And generally, it has always been take it. Will be this time.

Which brings us to the time-honored rule, now somewhat lacerated. Technically the speaker of the house appoints five members of the house, and the Vice President five members of the senate, to confer and adjust the differences in texts and ideas in the measure which the two houses have just passed. Sometimes it is only three. In very important measures, particularly tax bills, it is seven. Always the majority party has one more conferee from each house than the minority.

Normally in the past no discretion has been exercised by the presiding officers in making the selections. Appointments have almost invariably been made of the ranking members of the committees that handled the bill.

**Absurd Rule**

Vice President Garner had an early illustration of the absurdities this rule sometimes effects. For instance, when he was naming conferees on the pink slip income tax publicity repeal bill, he named the three ranking Democrats of the senate finance committee, Harrison, King and George. Also the two ranking Republicans, Couzens and Keyes. So far strictly according to Hoyle.

But Couzens didn't like the senate's position—was not in sympathy with the repeal, as a matter of fact. So he announced his resignation from the floor. Garner at once appointed the next ranking Republican, La Follette. The Wisconsin man shared Couzens' views—also resigned. So Garner appointed the next ranking Republican, Metcalf.

Still according to Hoyle. But there was the idea, and Garner announced he would exercise his own discretion in future.

Contrary to some newspaper accounts, he has not tried to use this power to impose White House will. It seemed so in the death sentence of the public utility holding company bill. But the senate had voted for the death sentence, even if only by a majority of one. So Garner threw seniority to the winds. He appointed Wheeler, the chairman, skipper Smith of South Carolina and Wagner of New York, to pick administration wheel horse Barkley, and then skipped Neely, Dieterich, Long and Long, to pick Brown of New Hampshire.

On the minority side he skipped ranking members Couzens, Metcalf and Hastings, and picked White. Then he ignored Davis and picked Shipstead, who is not a Republican at all.

On the TVA bill Garner took the list of conferees from George Norris, daddy of Muscle Shoals. But on the banking bill he permitted Carter Glass to name the conferees.

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## "QUOTES"

COMMENTS ON CURRENT TOPICS BY NATIONAL CHARACTERS

NOTE OF DISSENT

By ARTHUR A. BALLANTINE, Asst. Secretary of the Treasury.

WITH a limit set by the Supreme court on government experimentation with industry by legislation, the President has made a sudden turn to experimentation through taxation. The Supreme court early declared that the constitutional power to tax is power to destroy, and the President now advocates use of this drastic power for purposes very different from that of raising revenue. If such experiments are made, their effects on industry will be costly, not merely to those immediately affected but to the average man and woman concerned with employment and production. It seems inconceivable that such a program should be railroaded through without real discussion, as seems to be proposed.

CRY FOR PEACE

By HALE SELASSIE, Emperor of Ethiopia.

ETHIOPIA wants peace. She needs it for completion of the work of modernization which has been going on for several years and which a war would destroy. We want to spend education throughout the whole country to build roads for commerce and to develop that commerce so as to give work to the liberated slaves, whose interest are our own.

We are building radio stations so that I might participate in the intellectual life of the rest of the world. Any threat of war from Italy would interfere with this work, on which we wish to spend our whole time and energy. I beg the world to see freely and peacefully forward in her way of progress.

STABILIZING INFLUENCE

By HARRY HINES WOODRING, Asst. Secretary of War.

THE army is no longer the stranger to the average American that it was in the decades immediately preceding the World War. Today we find elements of our land forces, either of the regular or civilian components, in almost every community. Truly, the army has become an intimate part of the American people whom it serves in peace and war. I say without fear of contradiction that our armed forces constitute the greatest stabilizing influence in our country today. Although small in numbers and having been considerably handicapped by the lack of sufficient modern equipment, our army personnel, through an extensive educational system, has become without doubt as efficient as any military personnel in the world.

WORLD ON MEND

By SIR ROBERT BORDEN, Former Premier of Canada.

NO ONE can deny that confused and very difficult conditions confront the nations today, but even at my advanced age I am still a confirmed optimist, and I not only trust but believe that all will yet be well with the world. This is quite consistent with my belief that certain anomalies in our social order ought to be and will be corrected. The conditions today call for active participation in public affairs by the best elements of our people. This is a principle that I have maintained throughout my public career, and 30 years ago I declared I would rather see a young man actively engaged in opposition to my party than remain inactive as a drone without interest in the public affairs of our country.

JAPAN'S WAR SPIRIT

By KANJU KATO, Representing Japan's Trade Union.

THE danger of war in China is spreading. The war spirit has been inspired by imperialists and is being carefully nourished by them. The ambition for territorial expansion in Japan belongs to the Japanese capitalists. They are pushing war preparation in spite of all we can do. The imperialistic policy of the United States and the Far Eastern policy of Japan cannot be reconciled. They meet in direct conflict in China. England is gradually fading into the background, so that the chief conflict of interests is developing between the United States and Japan.

KEEP UP WAGES

By HENRY FORD, Automobile Manufacturer.

BUSINESS must keep up wages. If that isn't done, some business men will find that they are out of business, our system is dependent upon paying wages so the working people can buy.

WAGE FIXING

By WILLIAM E. BORAH, U. S. Senator from Idaho.

IF THE government can fix the wages of a man on works-relief projects at \$19 a month and monopoly can fix the price of what the worker must buy in order to live, you have pretty nearly squeezed out of existence the unaided of the American citizen. You have made him a peon.

WNU Service.

## HOTTEST OF STARS FOUND BY SCIENCE

Shows 180,000 Degrees; Sun Cool by Contrast.

Cambridge, Mass.—An unnamed far-off star, whose surface temperature is 180,000 degrees Fahrenheit, the highest heat ever measured anywhere, was described to the conference on spectroscopy at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The sun's surface is barely 10,000 degrees Fahrenheit. The hottest temperatures previously reported, all on stars, were 35,000 to 40,000 degrees Fahrenheit.

A blue rainbow—the distant star's ultra-violet light—revealed the inferno. This star is a peculiar object. It is a sun surrounded by a nebula, which in the telescope looks like a halo—a star surrounded by something like the ring around the moon.

—Use New Instruments.

It was this ring or nebula which made it possible to read the temperature with new instruments and new methods. Those were described by Dr. L. S. Howells of the California Institute of Technology. The temperature reading, he said, was made by Zanstra, a Dutch astronomer.

The thermopiles widely used to read the heat rays of distant stars fall at excessive temperatures, because the heat rays are so weak that they would show practically no difference between 100,000 and 200,000 degrees Fahrenheit.

The new method calculates the heat in a fashion analogous to studying a fire hidden under a pot but hot enough so that some of its light might be dimly seen through thin spots in the enveloping fabric.

The star tent is the nebula around it. This nebula is believed to be a cloud of gas.

Only the hottest rays from this gas cloud are used to calculate temperatures. They are ultra-violet and their detection possible is an aluminum coated mirror, a device perfected at Cornell university.

Aluminum catches ultra-violet rays better than anything previously used. Some of the ultra-violet rays caught in the aluminum mirror are exceptionally strong.

Shows Hidden Energy.

This means that there is something behind them which pours out energy that they absorb and translate into an extra glow—"emission lines"—in astronomical language.

Calculations show that the source behind this hidden energy is ultra-violet rays streaming off the surface of the star. These driving rays are exceedingly energetic—they are the radiations some astronomers have called the "death rays."

They are so named because if the earth's atmosphere did not completely screen them out they would be lethal to some small forms of life. They might even give man a bad time.

Though unseen, these rays are quite accurately calculated by the aid of the star tent. It is the calculation of their energy which reveals the enormous heat of the star's surface.

Doctor Howells said that Mr. Zanstra has observed what he thinks are still higher temperatures running up to 270,000 degrees Fahrenheit.

## Largest Switches Are Built for Boulder Dam

San Francisco.—The largest electric switches ever built are being completed here for shipment to Boulder Dam.

First finished sections of the switches now are being tested at Stanford university. Each switch—there are 12 of them—must stand a charge of 850,000 volts, highest ever attempted.

In actual service, estimates Augustus Bowle, president of the manufacturing company making the appliances, they will operate at 287,000 volts. They will be the only air-break switches installed at the dam proper and are to be used for disconnecting the dam's power supply transmission lines and oil switches.

The two largest "double" switches stand 27 feet high when opened and weigh 55,000 pounds each. The single switches have base lengths of 21 feet and weigh 30,000 pounds each. The singles cost \$10,000 each, while the double ones cost \$19,000.

## Four Out of Every Five Feet Show Deficiency

St. Louis.—The National Leather and Shoe Finders association, through a poll conducted by its members, has learned that foot deficiencies are shown in 80 per cent of the shoes brought to the nation's repair shops.

The need for corrective repairs on ordinary shoes is greatly stressed by the finding, according to A. V. Flinn, St. Louis, secretary of the association.

"Ninety per cent of women's shoes bear evidence of foot deficiency," Flinn said, "and the figure for men runs to 70 per cent. In a recent examination of all the school children in El Paso, Tex., only 10 per cent were found to have perfect feet."

## City Buys St. Bernard as Guard for Dog Pound

Oakland, Calif.—The city of Oakland claims to be the only municipality that officially owns a dog. She is "Habe," 100-pound St. Bernard, who wandered out to the pound, and although sold four times, always returned. The last time she was purchased by the pound as a watch dog.

## Says WILL ROGERS

BEVERLY HILLS.—Well, all I know is just what I read in the papers. And plenty in the paper the other day. There is a paper out in Detroit, Michigan, its called the "Legal Record". It says its a paper dedicated to the interests of the legal profession. That dedication that printed on its front page shows that its a paper that has nothing to do with news, or facts, and I like the honesty of it. It tells you right off we take nothing but the lawyer's side. (For there ain't any other side.)

Well the headline as follows to wit, habus corpus, nolle prosequi, change of venue as follows: "The legal profession as a humorist sees it". Written by a man who signs his name as O. Z. Ide. Now I am not a sort of a lawyer detecting things, but that name sounds a little phoney. When one man writes all that in a paper, and this only had three pages outside of legal notices, why naturally he has got to make it look like he had quite a staff, so he does like these big holding companies did when they were sending wires to help them keep on holdin', why they signed any name they could think of. Now there ain't no man named O. Z. Ide. He is as synthetic as the article.

Here is what Ozle said: "While the American Bar Association was in session in L. A. last week some of our opinion moulding dailies carried a syndicated article by Will Rogers." Yes some of em did, 650 of em did. But lets get on. "Before the criminal is tried the defense counsel should stand trial to see if there was anything against him." Mr. Rogers indicated further that this was the big question before the convention, and that everything else paled into insignificance before this tremendous issue.

Well now lets take up the issues one by one. In the first place if there had been no truth at all in the statement I made there would never have been any yell about it. Now as to it being the dominant question, Mr. Rogers didn't say that it was the dominant question, he said that it should be the dominant question. In other words the lawyers would give their eye to have the thing cleaned up, and they will admit that it would be of more benefit to their profession to have the crooks driven out than to have done any other thing.

Now here is a thing, I am in the movies. When there was so much talk of cleaning up the movies, there wasn't a lawyer, or any other profession but what said, "Why dont they clean those things up?" My wife and children cant go to see em.

Now you offered an opinion in my business, but the minute a comedian offers an opinion in your business, I am out of place. Your business is sacred and no one should mention it only in the highest terms. The movies cleaned up and they didnt write editorials against the lawyers for saying they should. If all lawyers are not honest how are clients to tell when they might go to a bad one any more than a movie fan might go to a bad movie?

Get this: "We have always appreciated Mr. Rogers but because of his droll ill-advised remarks we find our enthusiasm begging to yell."

In other words, I was funny when the joke was on the other fellow, but any about me is ill-advised, and dont yell at all.

Get this one: "There was a time a few years back when a dig at the lawyers at the Bijou Theatre was a sure fire laugh, but now even the so-called humorists have sensed the distance in the mouths of the public for such efforts at humor."

Well I wish he could have read a "so-called humorists" mail. Never did I have so much approving mail on one article, and not a half dozen dissenting ones, and they were from lawyers. Every layman approved. It batted about 98 percent. I wish I could think of something else as true and as good. Some of my very best friends are lawyers, and are yet, but they dont think their fraternity is some almighty deity. The biggest part of the lawyers are regular guys the same as most of them are honest and high type in their profession, but they know there is undesirable among them, and they are not going to faint when its mentioned.

My little movies have been fairly clean, but when the well-chosen roar against pictures come, I didnt get sore, and rise on my hind legs and write any editorials. I knew it was coming to us and took it in good faith for I knew in the long run it would do good, and if this old boy dont think that the audience will still laugh at the lawyers at the Bijou Theatre just let him book me for a lecture on lawyers at the Bijou, and come and sit and listen to ent roar. The banker, the lawyer, and the politician are still our best bet for a laugh. Audiences havent changed at all, and neither has the three above professions.

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## LONG-LIVED FAMILY

That Canada has families with a record for longevity is demonstrated by the Colquhoun family. Eight of the original family of 11 persons are still alive, and their ages total 627 years, their average age is 78 years, 4 1/2 months. The family now consists of J. D. Colquhoun, 87, Wales, Ont.; Charles, 85, Sacramento, Calif.; Mrs. John Hay, 81, Detroit, Mich.; S. K. 78, Deloraine, Man.; M. M. 78, and Miss A. M. 72, of Sacramento; J. E. 70, of Waskada, Man., and Dr. Philip 70, of Waterville, Que. The family are the sons and daughters of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Colquhoun, who settled in Dundas county in 1814.—Montreal Herald.

Quick, Safe Relief For Eyes Irritated By Exposure To Sun, Wind, and Dust—



**MURINE FOR YOUR EYES**

Hard Names, Probably When folks had nuptials 75 years ago what did they call it?

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SEND for 2 genuine High Power Coleman Mantles. Use them on your gasoline pressure lamp or lantern. Let them prove that they are made stronger, last longer, give more light. Lowest cost to use. Just the right size, shape and weave for longer and better lighting service.

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**Does Your Mirror Reflect Rough, Pimply Skin? Use CUTICURA**

Anoint the affected parts with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off after a short time with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for several minutes. Pimples, rashes and other distressing eruptions are quickly soothed and a condition established which conduces to healing.

Ointment 25c and 50c. Soap 25c.

**KILLS ANTS**

Sprinkle Ant Food along window sills, doors and openings through which ants come and go. Guaranteed to rid quickly. Used in a million homes. Inexpensive. At your drugist's.

**PETERMAN'S ANT FOOD**

WNU—E 33-35



**GOOD FOOD SENSIBLY PRICED**

All Shelby restaurants are open for breakfast, luncheon and dinner—Coffee Shop from 8:00 A.M.—12:00 P.M. Reasonable prices. 300 rooms with private bath—cleaning lady—water-bed-mattress beds—servitors. Rates \$2.00 and upward. Garage.

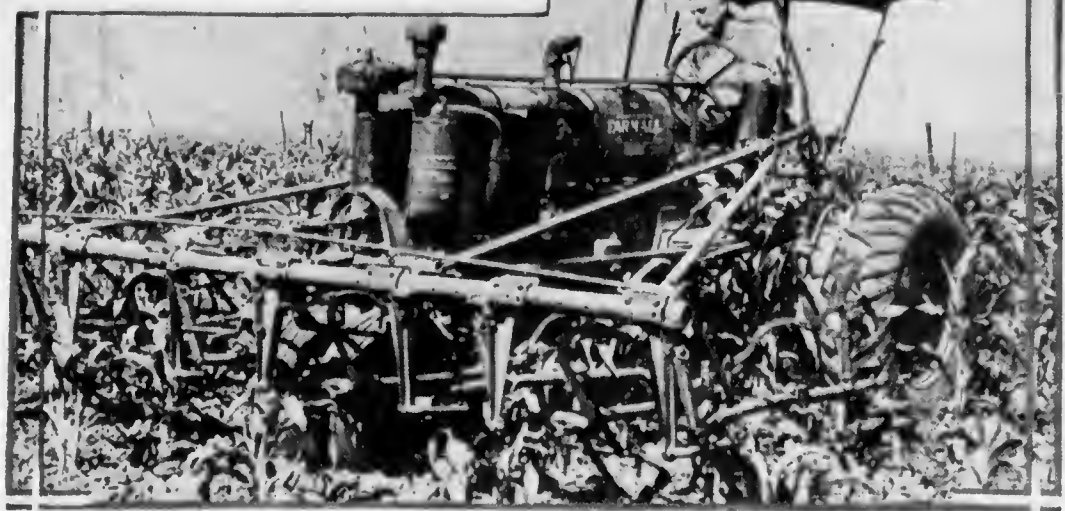
**HOTEL FORT SHELBY DETROIT**

"GLOW WITH FRIENDLINESS"



## Illinois' Largest Land Owner Busy on His Farm

HARPER SIBLEY, head of the United States Chamber of Commerce, although a banker by profession, owns a 4,000-acre ranch in California, a 360-acre farm near Rochester, N. Y., and is the largest individual land owner in Illinois. His own farm in that state, at Silvery, is the largest in the world. He is shown here at his work.



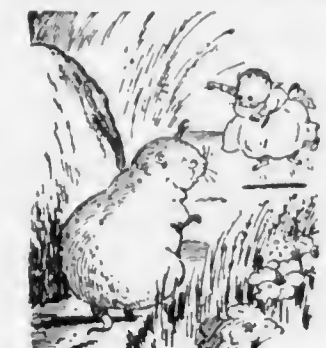
## Bedtime Story for Children

By THORNTON W. BURGESS

### DANNY'S HOME-COMING

WHEN the first Jolly Sunbeams came stealing through the Green Forest, Danny Meadow Mouse began to be uneasy. He was thoroughly rested and the dangers of the dreadful night were already forgotten. Perhaps I should not say that they were forgotten, for, of course, that isn't quite true. But Danny had quite put them out of his mind. That is the way with the little people of the Green Forest and the Green Meadows. Dangers that are past are not worth thinking about. They must keep their minds clear for possible dangers to come. So Danny's thoughts were not of what he had been through, but were wholly of getting home.

He thanked his cousin, Whitefoot, for all the latter had done for him and then climbed out of the hollow stump and once more started for the Green Meadows and home. As long as he was in the Green Forest he was anxious. He didn't feel at home there. He didn't know what to expect. He imagined all sorts of dangers. But the instant he reached the edge of the Green Meadows his heart became light.



"Oh, Danny, I'm So Glad! I'm So Glad!"

He still had a long way to go and many things might happen before he reached that snug little home and Nanny Meadow Mouse and the babies. But Danny's heart was light, for on the Green Meadows he knew just what to do and where to go. He could see Redtail the hawk sailing round and round, high in the blue, blue sky. He knew that Redtail was watching with those wonderful eyes of his for a fat Meadow Mouse, but that didn't worry Danny in the least. You see, he knew just how to keep out of sight.

After a while he reached one of his own private little paths. The brown grass hung over it making a regular little tunnel of it. Danny scampered along as fast as his short legs would take him and so presently he reached his snug, safely hidden little home. The half-grown children raced out to meet him to see if he had brought them something. Inside, the babies were having an after-dinner nap. Of Nanny Meadow Mouse there was no sign. You see, Nanny was out getting

## Do YOU Know—



That Easter probably derives its name from Easte, a Saxon goddess? In the ancient church, the celebration of Easter lasted an octave (8 days). During that time alms were dispensed to the poor—slaves received their freedom and the people gave themselves up to enjoyment.

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her own dinner. It was while he waited for her that Danny began to wonder how ever he would be able to explain his long absence. He suspected that Nanny would be very cross, very cross, indeed. He suspected that he was due for a scolding, such a scolding as only Nanny's sharp tongue could give. He knew that he deserved it. He was glad, ever so glad, to be home, but he felt most uncomfortable.

By and by, as he sat just outside his snug little home, he heard footsteps hurrying along one of the private little paths. It was Nanny hur-

rying home to her babies. When she saw Danny she stopped short and stared at him as if she thought her eyes were playing her tricks. Then, instead of the sharp words he expected and knew he richly deserved, Nanny rushed to him crying, "Oh, Danny, I'm so glad! I'm so glad! I thought you were dead!" And Danny Meadow Mouse knew then how great is love.

© T. W. Burgess—WNU Service.

### Greatest Depth for Diver's Work

The greatest depth at which useful work can be accomplished by a diver is 275 feet. When a diver descends, the extra air pressure to which he is subjected is instantly transmitted to the whole inside of his body. Some divers are able to withstand greater pressures than others. Much depends upon the physique and health of the individual.

## QUESTION BOX

by ED WYNN, The Perfect Fool

Dear Mr. Wynn:

We are getting up a raffle for a poor man in our neighborhood, and I have been asked to write to you to ask if you won't buy some chances.

Truly yours,

BENNY FACTOR.

Answer: I don't want any chances, as I wouldn't know what to do with a poor man if I won one.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

I have read a great deal lately about bluntness and bluntness. Am I not right when I say "If a man has one wife too many he is a bluntness?"

Yours truly,

WILLIAM WARE.

Answer: You are not right. I know a man who has only one wife, and only the other day he told me that although he is married to one woman

he has one wife too many; yet, you can see, he has not committed bigamy.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

I hear so many jokes about matrimony that I often wonder if any of the things I read have any truth behind them. For instance, are all married people unhappy?

Sincerely,

L. RISH.

Answer: No, only the men.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

I am secretary of the Ladies' Inquisitive Auxiliary, an association devoted to looking into other people's affairs. We need some money so have decided to give a novelty party in the Town hall. Have you ever heard of a White Elephant Party? If so please describe it in detail, will you?

Sincerely,

SARAH TOGA CHIPS.

Answer: A "White Elephant Party" is a party where the ladies are supposed to bring any little thing that is around the house which they can find no use for, and yet is too good to throw away. Ladies cannot bring their husbands.

Dear Mr. Wynn:

I know a boy who likes to show off when there is a crowd around. He plays the saxophone very poorly yet he always brags about his playing. He said that when the Prince of Wales was over here that the prince attended an amateur performance and the prince commanded him to appear, with his

saxophone, before him. Do you believe him?

## THE COUNTY FAIR

By ANNE CAMPBELL

THE apple that hung on the gnarled brown bough And dreamed of perfection the summer through, Is wearing a lute satin ribbon now; Our grandfather's peaches won first prize, too. The biggest of pumpkins, the grandest squash Have taken their place in the rustic square; And Granddad may tease and declare It's his, his, But Grandmother's jam won first prize at the fair.

There are quilts with patterns so intricate You would scarcely believe a woman's hand; Could fashion it comforter delicate As the varied tints of a rainbow's band. There's embroidery here as a cushion spin On a rainy day in a spider's lair; And many a task that was bravely done Last year is now at the county fair.

The pickles and pies and the cakes and jell, Examples of home and the kindly art Of women who, doing a small thing well, Learn to tackle life with a joyous heart!

And deeper than you and I see displayed Goes the evidence of their loving care . . . The symbols of beauty in homes they've made Are plainly in view at the county fair.

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### Gay Ensemble



Gay plaid seersucker, in red, green and yellow over white fashions a lovely little summer outfit which is worn above, by Maureen O'Sullivan. The dress is backless. A white linen purse with red, green and yellow banding, and white accessories complete the ensemble.

© Associated Newspapers, WNU Service.

## Modern Betsy Ross Makes a Flag



MISS BETSY ROSS, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William E. Ross, at work on an American flag for the colonial village which is being built at Upper Lake Mohawk, N. J.

## Let Our Motto Be GOOD HEALTH

By DR. LLOYD ARNOLD

Professor of Bacteriology and Preventive Medicine, University of Illinois, College of Medicine.

### KEEPING WELL BETWEEN 45 AND 65

This age group is usually not bothered much with contagious diseases. If we except tuberculosis, in Illinois. In 1930 there were 2,390 deaths in this age group from all causes. Of these more than half were caused by degenerative diseases, which is another term for diseases that result from the wearing out of some vital organ.

Chronic kidney diseases headed the list with 2,381 deaths; chronic heart disease came next with 2,125 deaths; accidents, third, with 2,032 deaths; cancer of the digestive tract, fourth, with 1,919 deaths. Cerebral hemorrhage or apoplexy ranked fifth with 1,890 fatalities; tuberculosis, or inflammation of the lining of the heart, came sixth with 1,711 deaths; all other causes saw sixth with 1,652 deaths.

Old age, you see, is operating within this forty-five to sixty-five age group, with diseases of the kidney and of the heart and blood vessels causing most deaths.

The kidneys can be thought of as two organs, each about the size of a fist, located in the back, one on each side of the spine. They are shaped like a kidney bean. In fact, it is because of this resemblance that the vegetable kidney bean gets its name. These organs are specialized glands for the excretion of waste and dissolved substances from the body. It is just as important for the kidney to excrete waste as it is for it to excrete the dissolved salts, urea and other substances which are poisonous to the body when allowed to concentrate in the blood stream. The kidney represents the filter that allows the constant flow of the end products of metabolism from the body.

The secretory units of the kidney are specialized small twists of capillaries that are like a small ball of yarn, and are located in the outer portion of the organ. There are several million of these small secretory units, whose job it is to secrete urine every minute of the time, day and night. Nature is provided with the number of these secretory units, for there are many more than are needed for daily use. She has provided for a reserve supply in each kidney, so that in case of emergency, these can come to the rescue.

Now during childhood or adolescence a person may have had an infectious disease common to young people, such as measles, diphtheria or scarlet fever. Although apparently recovered, there may have been some damage to one or both of the kidneys, which was not sufficient, however, to cause acute kidney disease, and the reserve secretory units were able to carry on the normal function of the kidneys. And for the next 20 or 30 years the individual was left happily in ignorance that the kidneys had been damaged, for there were no extra demands placed upon them, and they seemed to be functioning as they should.

Then when this individual reaches an age past forty, and the aging processes of the body begin to take place in him, he suddenly finds himself with a bankrupt excretory system, for his kidneys have no further reserve secretory units to draw upon. Such an individual then has chronic nephritis. And finds it very difficult to rest the kidneys, since they must secrete day and night, every minute, to prevent accumulations of waste products in the blood stream. This individual must place himself at once under the care of a physician.

Vaccinations against diphtheria, scarlet fever, and measles were not available forty years ago, and so heart and kidney disease patients in the over-forty age group can hardly blame anyone if the damage to their heart or kidneys occurred from an infection due to one of their childhood diseases. But the child today can be spared this danger. We have the vaccines now; we know that these childhood diseases need not be "inevitable" accompaniments of young years; we could stamp them out if the community so willed. Certainly every older adult who is paying the penalty for childhood infections now with a heart or kidney ailment, should see to it that every child under his guardianship is protected against these avoidable childhood diseases.

Science has not yet been able to vaccinate against the kidney or heart wearing out. The chances are it never will. The way to keep these organs functioning without impairment of reserve power is to keep infectious germ diseases out of the body. Then scar tissue will not be formed as the result of a secondary infection, or inflammation, on either of these organs. Scar tissue on a kidney impedes the functioning power of that kidney just as much as the loss of one of our hands would impede the working ability of our arm.

But the person with an impaired heart or kidney will add years to his life, if he will learn how to live with this impaired heart or kidney. He must let them now be the master of his activities. If he does that sensibly, he will often be able to live many years without invalidism in bed, except for short complete-rest periods.

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## IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL Lesson

By REV. P. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Member of Faculty, Moody Bible Institute of Chicago, and Western Newspaper Union

### Lesson for August 18

MARTHA

LESSON TEXT—Luke 10:38-42 John 11:28-32

GOLDEN TEXT—Jesus loved Martha, and her sister, and Lazarus—John 11:5

PRIMARY TOPIC—A Home Jesus Loved

JUNIOR TOPIC—A Home Jesus Visited

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—How Jesus Loved His Home

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—A Home That Attracts Jesus

The lesson committee designated Martha as a home maker. That she was a home maker is to be expected, but to check this lesson only in that light is to miss the vital point, for Christ's teachings here are equally applicable to men and women in the home office, school, and living room, etc.

1. Jesus Revealing to Martha Her Supreme Need (vv. 38-42).

1. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 38).

2. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 39).

3. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 40).

4. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 41).

5. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 42).

6. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 43).

7. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 44).

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80. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 117).

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82. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 119).

83. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 120).

84. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 121).

85. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 122).

86. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 123).

87. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 124).

88. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 125).

89. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 126).

90. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 127).

91. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 128).

92. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 129).

93. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 130).

94. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 131).

95. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 132).

96. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 133).

97. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 134).

98. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 135).

99. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 136).

100. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 137).

101. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 138).

102. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 139).

103. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 140).

104. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 141).

105. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 142).

106. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 143).

107. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 144).

108. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 145).

109. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 146).

110. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 147).

111. Jesus' assurance that her home (v. 148).



## The Courier

MEMBER  
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### ANNOUNCEMENTS

We are authorized to announce  
PLEAS JOHNSON  
of Lenox

as a candidate for member of the  
County Board of Education of Morgan  
county subject to the will of the voters  
at the regular election Nov. 5, 1935.

## FARMERS' COLUMN

### THE FARM AND HOME

Many tests have shown that hogs  
gain faster and more economically  
when fed with a ration containing a  
small amount of feed at a time. In some  
instances both feed and time were  
saved when the animals were allowed  
to help themselves.

Clothing and material goods trade  
names and what they mean: Sanfor-  
ized, guaranteed against shrinkage of  
cotton; durable, high quality mer-  
cerized yarn; infant tested, colors fast to  
light and laundering; crown tested,  
tested for high quality and durability.

Following harvest, strawberries are  
usually cultivated, the rows narrowed  
to about 8 inches, and the soil treated  
with nitrate of soda at the rate of a  
pound to 50 feet of row, 20 pounds to  
a tenth of an acre, and 50 pounds to  
a quarter of an acre.

There is a keen demand for high  
class rams among Kentucky sheep  
raisers. A few dollars more spent for  
good rams may add hundreds of dol-  
lars to the market value of the lambs  
next year. Many farmers now refuse  
to buy anything but the best.

Too much emphasis cannot be put  
on keeping the pullets growing well,  
as the laying season approaches. They  
should move steadily forward on good,  
well balanced maturing rations, so  
they will be in tip-top condition for  
laying in the early fall.

Some women follow the practice of  
canning fried chicken for emergency  
meals. The pieces are precooked in hot  
fat until nicely browned and then  
packed while hot into hot jars. The  
jars are then processed with the cold  
pack method.

**Lespedeza Hay**  
The true Korean lespedeza hay is  
not as much to do with the quality,  
in the opinion of Dr. E. N. Fergus of  
the Kentucky agricultural experiment  
station.

The best lespedeza hay is made  
when the crop is not more mature than  
full bloom. When in doubt, it is  
better to cut too early rather than  
too late, when quality of hay alone is  
the deciding factor.

Curing Korean lespedeza hay is not  
difficult, because of its small water  
content. Leaves shatter rather easily,  
however, and these are the most valu-  
able part of the hay.

Good practice is to wilt the hay  
in the swath and then rake it into  
windrows for the rest of the field cur-  
ing. In this way, leaves and natural  
color may be retained.

An effort to make both hay and seed  
from the same cutting always results  
in a lower quality of hay. Dr. Fergus  
points out, loss of quality also results  
from indecision as to whether the crop  
is to be made into hay, turned out for  
pasture, or saved for seed.

The presence of weeds and grain  
stubble tends to lower the quality of  
lespedeza hay. Attempts to grow les-  
pedeza on poor soils nearly always  
means weeds and poorer quality hay.

Some farmers have endeavored to  
control weeds by running the mower  
over the field, with the bar carried  
just above the lespedeza on a weed  
wheel. The real remedy for weeds,  
however, is in building a better soil

## Snapshots of KENTUCKY GEOLOGY

by  
Dr. A. C. McFarlan  
UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

### Chapter XIX

The writer has always had consid-  
erable interest in discussions among his  
scientific associates concerning rela-  
tive importance of their respective  
fields. From time to time he has heard  
that physics is the fundamental sci-  
ence, that, in turn, science is only  
applied mathematics, that chemistry is  
the guiding star of human progress,  
that physiology was studied before the  
others were known, that zoology and  
botany, dealing with life, were of  
greatest importance to humanity, and  
so without end. There has been unlit-  
tered any reference to the contributions  
of his fellow geologists.

However, even the not new, this  
geological contribution, originating  
with Nathaniel Shaler, is possibly in  
order. It is taken bodily from Prof.  
Arthur M. Miller's "Geology of Ken-  
tucky."

"The eastern Kentucky mountains  
have been strongly Republican since  
the Civil war in contrast with the  
Bluegrass counties which in the same  
period have been just as strongly  
Democratic. An explanation of this  
must be sought primarily in the phys-  
iographic differences between the two  
regions which at the outbreak of the  
war determined that the one would be  
Northern and the other Southern in  
its sympathies.

It was Nathaniel S. Shaler who  
first commented upon these differences  
and finding an explanation of them  
ultimately in the geological history of  
the state, uttered his celebrated aphor-  
ism, 'there is such a thing as the  
geological distribution of politics.'

The reasoning of Professor Shaler  
by which in his "History of Kentucky"  
he traced these connections, is some-

what as follows. The dwellers on blu-  
grass Ordovician limestone land, with  
its deep rich soil suitable for cultiva-  
tion in large plantations by slave  
labor, were naturally pro-slavery in  
their sentiments. The dwellers on the  
carboniferous sandstone land of the  
mountains with its thin soils, not suit-  
able for cultivation on a large scale  
by slave labor, were generally anti-  
slavery, or at least had no particular  
motive in fighting for the perpetua-  
tion of that institution. Therefore, during  
the Civil war when it came to voting  
Kentucky in or out of the Union, "the  
dwellers on the limestone formation  
gave heavy pro-slavery majorities,  
while those living on the poorer  
sandstone soils were generally anti-  
slavery." The majority of the people  
of the state—its yeomanry—lived on  
poorer land, which thus became the  
deciding factor in preventing the with-  
drawal of the state from the Union.  
Professor Shaler also goes on to specu-  
late upon some of the political "might-  
have-beens" and the geological history  
of the state been different, a higher  
arching up of the Cincinnati Archlike  
would by the greater ensuing erosion  
have exposed more Ordovician, blue-  
grass, pro-slavery land, and corre-  
spondingly reduced in area the coal  
measure, anti-slavery land. This might  
have given, when it came to the voting  
during the Civil war, a majority on the  
side of withdrawing Kentucky  
from the Union. One more state added  
to the Southern cause might have  
made the difference between failure  
and success. The South might have  
won and we might have two countries  
instead of one; and for it all geology  
would be primarily responsible.

hear. In this modern, scientific age  
we know how to keep the lid on the  
garbage can but we have forgotten  
how to keep the lid on human nature.  
We forget that men are born in sin  
and that they were conceived in  
iniquity. Man has an inherited evil  
tendency. There is no such thing as  
"the divinity of human nature." "All  
have sinned and come short of the  
glory of God." "In Adam all died."  
Our race is a fallen race. This is not  
a popular theory, but it is true, never-  
theless. The devil told Adam to be-  
come like God and man decided to do  
what the devil said. There has always  
been a tendency to defy man, but  
man is naturally a sinner. Kings are  
queens, the rich, the poor, the high  
and the low, the cultured and uncultured,  
all are sinners by nature. Man needs  
a new nature, he must be born again  
or he cannot even perceive the king-  
dom of God. Blind men cannot see  
Deaf men cannot hear. Neither can  
sinners who have no spiritual eyes  
see, nor can they hear without  
spiritual ears. "They that know God  
hear us" are Bible words. Only those  
who know God can in their hearts  
respond to a message from God. No  
man responds to music who has no  
music in his own soul. "The preaching  
of the cross is to them that perish  
foolishness, but unto us who are saved  
it is the power of God." "The thing  
we once loved we now hate and the  
things we now hate we once loved."  
This is the experience of those who  
have been born again.

### HOBBS JONES' COMMENTS

Modernism does not pioneer. Mod-  
ernism captures communities, boards,  
schools and colleges after orthodox  
Christians do the pioneering. Modern-  
ism is destructive, it is not construc-  
tive. It empties churches which ortho-  
dox money has built. It steals faith  
from our boys and girls even in some  
church colleges. Instead of being open  
and frank, modernism is subtle. It  
works under the cover of darkness.  
Denial of modernistic preachers and  
teachers! Stand by the old gospel. It  
still does business in the old time way.  
The newspapers recently carried a  
story to the effect that an American  
woman had been convicted and fined  
in the courts of Paris for dancing  
indecent. The writer grew up to believe  
that America was a country of mod-  
esty and that Paris was the center of  
world obscenity. Paris is no worse  
than American cities. This nation  
needs a revival of the old time, honest-  
to-goodness womanly modesty. During  
the summer I have spoken at com-  
munes and religious centers in some  
places I have been shocked at the  
immorality of the women on parade.  
We may need sun baths. Sun rays  
may do us good, but our mothers man-  
aged to live to a ripe old age without  
sunning made in public places.

"Young people are more open than  
the old generation." That is what I

Subscribe for the Courier.

## I.G.A. SPECIALS

FOR WEEK AUGUST 16 TO 22, 1935

Dole No. 3 Pineapple Juice,  
I.G.A. No. 2 Grape Fruit Juice,  
Bruce's 9 1/2 oz. Orange Juice,  
—1 Can each with Opener, all for 31c  
I.G.A. Health & Skin Soap .....5c  
I.G.A. Beauty Soap .....5c  
Camay Soap .....5c  
I.G.A. H. H. Cleanser .....5c  
I.G.A. 22 oz. Soap Flakes .....17c  
Dram .....22c  
I.G.A. Small Cans Milk, 3 for .....10c  
Sun Spray No. 2 3/4 Fruit Cocktail 25c  
I.G.A. 4 oz. Malted Milk .....10c  
I.G.A. DeLuxe 1/2 lb. O. P. Tea .....15c  
I.G.A. 8 oz. Sweet Pickles .....15c  
I.G.A. No. 2 3/4 Apples .....23c  
I.G.A. No. 2 Apple Sauce, 2 for .....25c  
I.G.A. No. 2 3/4 Bartlett Pears .....25c  
I.G.A. R. A. Cherries, No. 2 3/4 .....29c  
I.G.A. No. 2 3/4 Spinach .....15c  
I.G.A. Sugar Peas .....17c  
I.G.A. Vienna Sausage .....10c  
I.G.A. 7 oz. Tuna Fish .....15c  
Ripped Wheat .....10c  
10 lb. Hershey Sugar .....56c  
Friday & Saturday Only, 5 bag limit  
Post Toasties, 2 boxes .....15c  
Calumet Baking Powder, 1 lb. ....21c  
Blue G. Coffee, lb. ....22c  
16 oz. Strawberry Preserves .....19c  
Soda Crackers, 2 lb. ....19c  
Mother's Sugar Cookies .....15c  
My Pal 27 oz. Tomato Juice .....16c  
I.G.A. Soap Grains .....23c

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**\$500 FREE**  
EVERY YEAR FOR LIFE  
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THE SOAP OF BEAUTIFUL WOMEN  
**Camay**

**N. C. GULLETT**  
MEMBER I. G. A. STORES  
WEST LIBERTY, KY.



Did you  
ever stop  
to think  
by  
EDSON R. WAITE  
SHAWNEE, OKLA.

It has been said that many mer-  
chants who do not advertise their  
business often find the sheriff adver-  
tising it for them.

The Port of Spain, Trinidad, Guard-  
ian tells about one hundred thousand  
dollars worth of old stamps being  
burned by the government to make  
way for a new issue of pictorial  
stamps. What a heartache for the  
stamp collectors!

If your city means business, if it  
is determined to achieve greatness,  
help it on its way.

A government is a big business. The  
management of its affairs runs for  
the same efficiency that makes private  
business successful.

"The people who are seeking real  
values in service or merchandise read  
the newspaper advertisements before  
they buy," says James E. Barrett,  
managing director of the Oklahoma  
Billboard hotel.

Men who will not boost the home  
town and help in its development, but  
are willing to ride along and profit  
by what their neighbors are doing, are  
burglars, just plain, ordinary burglars.

Business must think in the days  
of today and tomorrow—not in the days  
of yesterday.

Trying to be what we are not always  
spells trouble.

A community spirit is only another  
way of applying the Golden Rule.

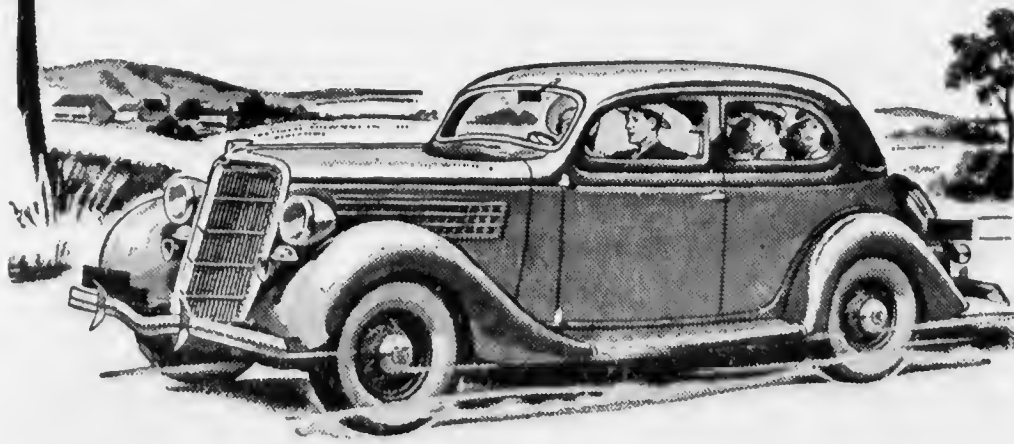
The prosperity of a community de-  
pends upon the extent of its commu-  
nal activity.

## NOW IS THE TIME TO GET A BUSINESS EDUCATION

To Young Men and Young Women:  
Before you make that decision as to what you will do this fall,  
get facts about this institution. It is one of the large, old, growing,  
progressive business schools of America. Short courses leading to  
office positions, and long courses of college rank leading to com-  
mercial teaching or accounting positions. Get ready for a position  
and a position will be ready for you.

Ask for catalog.  
**BOWLING GREEN BUSINESS UNIVERSITY**  
(Incorporated) BOWLING GREEN, KENTUCKY  
At the very gates of the Mammoth Cave National Park

# YOU DON'T HAVE TO "BREAK IN" THE FORD V-8



## You can drive it 50 miles an hour the day you buy it

The Ford V-8 is ready for normal driving  
when you buy it. There is no tedious period  
of breaking-in for 500 or 1000 miles. You  
can drive it up to 50 miles an hour the first  
day. And after the first hundred miles you  
can drive it as fast as you desire.

That means greater motoring enjoyment for  
every motorist. It is especially important to  
motorists who are thinking about a new car  
for a vacation trip—to physicians, salesmen  
and all those who use a car for business. In-  
stead of dragging along at slow speeds for  
days, you can make good time from the start.

The reason for this is as important as the  
result. The Ford V-8 needs no breaking-in  
because of unusual accuracy in the manufac-  
ture of moving parts and the smoothness of  
bearing surfaces. Clearances are correct when  
you buy the car. It is not necessary to depend  
on a long wearing-in period to eliminate tight-  
ness and insure smooth running. Longer life,  
greater economy and better performance are  
bound to result from such precision methods.  
The Ford V-8 gives you fine-car construction,  
along with fine-car performance, comfort,  
safety and beauty.

# FORD V-8



# MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL PAGE

(Under Auspices of Ova O. Haney, County Supt.)

## ADDRESS

By Dr. L. G. Remmer  
Eastern State Teachers College

There are several reasons why I am here. I like to greet you and I want to congratulate you on the opportunity of doing a very fine piece of work. The schools are put to a test and possibly your work this year and the enthusiasm you have this year will convince the legislators and taxpayers of the justification of the policies that have been inaugurated in the past few years. I hope you will get the idea of making your rural life count and make your work this year a success. I trust that you are going to strive and aim that you have a set of goals and aims that you are going to strive to accomplish. We haven't had time to set up a definite goal, but I hope you have definite things in mind to work for. There are many tasks you will be expected to perform. You are to be the saviors of the souls of men, you are going to be the one that all parents hope will correct the defects they have given to their children, you are the corrector of the bodies of those "little devils." You are the one to see that they are clean and you are expected to teach them the complicated health problems. You will have to cooperate with the P.T.A. and participate in the community life. In addition, you may have to teach Sunday school classes and visit the sick. You will have to fill out a number of questionnaires; and if you can keep yourself morally straight, I imagine you will have a chance to do a little school teaching. You will get a great deal of help from this program.

Now, getting down to some real facts, let us see the community in which we are living, the educational system of which we are a part, and keep an eye toward the goals which the state has set up. What makes up a community? We have the homes, parents, children, churches, and the schools. We judge the community by the homes; we judge the home life by the physical outside; we judge the homes by the personalities with which we are to work; we judge the progressiveness of a community by the type of churches they have; we judge the government by the type of educational system they have; and we can judge the other phase by the "little red school house." We judge the social life of a community by the number of dances, balls, whiskey joints, etc. You cannot reform them, you have to lead them. So as a matter of leadership, I want you to make your rural life count.

Everything there is to America comes under two heads, that of culture and that of civilization. Culture is the spiritual asset one possesses and civilization is the material asset. We are trying to teach children the proper appreciation of dress, manners, courtesy, and the wise use of money which they possess.

In every walk of life, try to down the guilts. If you are in a lovely community and see it bleeding to death, you can do a lot to save that community, not in books but by a gentle influence to improve the quality of the life of that community. Make your rural life count. I am appealing to you to study, survey, and find out the needs of the community. If you try to take on new ways too rapidly, you will have "mental indigestion." Many a teacher has failed because she did not make the proper diagnosis of the community in which she taught. Plan, be courageous, be willing to sacrifice, be able to educate and improve the personal culture of the children in that community that are placed in your care. Remember that a pat on the back or a suggestion to someone who is poor in some subject will be a great encouragement to him.

You are going to have a considerable amount of criticism. If you don't go to Sunday school, you are going to be criticized. If you try to take an interest in a student, they think you are doing too much. I am trying to say that you are going to receive some criticism and you want to have a definite planning system. I wish to commend your county superintendent and all who are working with him for this splendid program. Of the twenty conferences I have visited this year, I consider this the best. I am interested in the outside relations of the children. Teach them some things they need to know that will possibly cause them to delay marriage until after they are nineteen or twenty.

We have been teaching the boys and girls the wrong side. You have to get into them the idea of service. Send them to school so they will learn how to work and will work happily. I don't wish for any boy or girl a life of

leisure. I hope you will have plenty of work to do and work that you will like. There will be many small things which you will overlook. Allow the other person to believe as he likes. You are exploring in the realms of the mind and in the realms of nature.

We have been trading every boy and girl to be a president or a governor. We need to emphasize the ideas that will help us to live in our communities and get the most happiness. There is a divine discontent which is noble. You are in a line three to do a great piece of work with the desire to render service and not to "go get." You have a great task to perform as rural school teachers.

Man is divided into three parts: a soul, a body, and a mind. It is your job this year to try to teach them to conserve their natural resources.

I bring greetings to you from our school. Eastern has no desire to enter into a contest. We are merely playing on a team against the force of ignorance. We are happy to help you in any way we can. I wish for you a chance to do a great piece of work, happy, enjoyable work, with just enough recreation to make you enjoy each day's work as a pleasant adventure.

## ADDRESS

By W. H. Vaughan  
Dean Morehead State Teachers College

I am very much impressed with the progress education has made in Morgan county. In 1915 there was one college graduate teaching in this county and four high school graduates. Now there are twenty college graduates and twenty more who would be ranked as college seniors. I don't know just what the outcome will be, but the schools are offering shop work, music, art, and literature. Is it going to mean a renaissance? The opportunities for education have multiplied many times in the last ten years. I hope we develop mentally, spiritually, and physically at the same rate.

I have been impressed with the helpful teachers you have in the county this year. That has many possibilities. I am glad you started on a modest scale. Make a success of it and it will be one of the best things that ever happened to Morgan county. If you work at it, get the cooperation of the school, and get the materials you need, you can do something for Morgan county that has not been done before. When you undertake a big task, there is always a possibility of failure. I want to challenge you to put your best efforts into it.

We have supervision in various forms. Some of it is good and some of it is not so good. The rural teacher needs supervision. If the teachers, supervisors, and county superintendent work together as a unit, you will find the rural schools will be raised higher as a result of it. I trust it will be the great success you expect it to be.

I came here to talk to you on a unit and shall try to give you a unit, namely some of the principles under which I don't believe psychology is the scientific science of all. We know that some things are easier to learn than others. One of the best methods of making learning permanent is in activity. You may hear about it, but you will only have a very vague idea about it until you have seen a picture of it or have seen it. I once visited a school in which the teacher was teaching about Watertown. She told them the story of how the early settlers became dissatisfied and moved to Charlestown and then on up to Watertown and they stopped there and built a church, home, and bridge across the stream. She outlined to them what Watertown looked like, but she was not satisfied with merely telling them; so she took them outside and had them to build a small church, home, and bridge out of corn stalks. She told them that nearly all the settlements that were made in New England happened this way.

Activity is a very effective method of teaching. There is a committee at work attempting to set up a new course of study for the schools. The line will come when you will use your textbooks only as reference books. It is on the way, and whether it is right or wrong I cannot say. You must be prepared to cope with it. I am happy to be here, and I wish I could stay and hear some of the fine things that are in store for you this afternoon.

## Silvery Cadis

Cadiz, Spain, is locally called "The Silver Dish" because of the cascade of silver, tumbling rocks all brilliant white against the dark red sky.

## What Does Education Pay

Last year the office of education, Washington, D. C., announced that the education of each child in the United States costs sixty cents a day or \$162.37 a year. These figures include teachers' hire, heat, janitors' pay, and school supplies, books, and library facilities. The total cost of the public schools for 1930 was a little over two and a half billion dollars. In each taxpayer's annual bill for the taxes he owes, the school tax looms as a large item in the total. In recent times during the years of depression and the great wave of unemployment which has swept over our country, when tax payments are so hard to make and oftentimes impossible to meet, there has been much talk of the necessity of cutting expense in education and a great deal of questioning as regards the value of an education. It is very timely, therefore, in the midst of such confusion, to stop and consider, what does education pay?

Many people make the statement that in the present unemployment crisis education is of no value to the individual, but that the educated are greatly affected by the unemployment. But according to the official publication of the National Education Association the study of 7600 unemployed citizens in a large northeastern city discloses that more than fifty percent had less than eighth grade education. High school and college graduates comprise less than eleven percent of the group. Placement agencies and social workers report that the unemployed are largely the unskilled and the unskilled. While it is true that there are many educated people out of work at the present time it is a fact that when the totals are considered instead of individual cases the uneducated have fared worse than the educated. One of the ways in which education has helped many a person recently thrown out of work is that his education has so trained his ability to adapt himself to changing conditions that he has been able to take up some other work or to find something he can do as a stop-gap until times get better.

In a time when money for each individual to meet his expenses and maintain his standard of living is of such great importance and in a time when unemployment is so general it is not surprising that when we think of the value of an education we think of its value in dollars and cents. But let us not forget that many of the most useful things in life cannot be measured by monetary standards and that the real values of education are found in the promotion of culture, happiness, and prosperity; in what it contributes to community life, to the stability of our government, and to a safer and better mode of living.

And yet education does pay when we consider only dollars and cents as a measure of its value. A woman told me that she had recently employed a plumber. She said that his work was carefully done and satisfactory on the whole, but that she was not going to employ him again. She explained that he made a mistake in ordering the bathtub because he did not know the meaning of such terms as "porcelain" and "right angle." He did not know how to use the index of his catalog and information quickly, he did not have a ready command of words to explain what she wanted to know about the plans. Even a two-year high school education would have given him this information, and the woman explained that she would rather have a workman who knew how to express himself to answer her questions and to meet plans to her, and so when she had her next installation she employed another man. That plumber lost a customer, and is handicapped daily in his earning ability by his lack of an education.

Another man is fireman in a large building. One day he told me that he loved engines and would like to take up engineering but that he did not have education to read the books which he needed to get a better job. He is seeing that his boy and girl finish high school for he sees where his lack of education is hindering his earning power.

You can all add examples of your own. You know a minister who is a salubrious man, well versed in the Bible, but lacks education to give his congregation the enrichment in his sermons, the visions and inspiration which they hunger for. He cannot be a leader with merely his personal piety and abiding faith, and without a wide education his field is limited, and his usefulness narrowed.

You know a lawyer whose education

is not as wide as it should be, a farmer who is a hard worker but who would manage better if he had more education, a mother who is earnest and trying to manage her family if finances wisely, but who is not educated in homemaking and does not have the necessary education to enable her to read and acquire the information she needs.

Statistics carefully compiled show that of ten thousand men who have risen to prominence in the United States in the first hundred years of our history, not more than thirty were self-taught men; that a boy with only a grammar school education had one chance in nine thousand of reaching a place of distinction. Statistics collected from studies made in different parts of the country show that earning power is actually increased by education and that each day in high school is worth about nine dollars to a boy or girl and that no other employment can pay as much to the boy or girl of high school age as going to school. Studies based on the actual earnings of college graduates compared with those who stop school at the end of the eighth grade and at the end of high school prove that a college education pays its possessor in increased earning ability. It is true in normal times that much more important is it to keep the boys and girls in school now when their earning power is practically nothing out of school for work is not to be found.

But what also does education pay? It makes possible a larger, fuller, and better life. Ask any person who is having as hard a time as possible at the present time if he regrets his education and you will always find that he is thankful for his education and feels that he is better off than he would be without it. Education has given him resources within himself. He has learned to use his brain, to think, to solve his problem. He can listen intelligently while all the poets and prophets and the wise of all ages talk to him. His education has made him many-sided and broadened his life. It has made him a better citizen. It has given him a way to make use of leisure time for the betterment of his personality and his home and community. It has made him healthier, raised his standard of living, and made him a better member of his community.

Education costs more now than it did in pioneer days because schools are better and more children attend them for a longer time. It has always been an obligation of parents and teachers to protect children and youth and in our desire to cut costs we must not sacrifice the education which is modern youth to meet his place in the world. The modern education provides for character building, worthy use of leisure time, vocational and physical education, creates a love of home, respect for law, and a feeling of responsibility with reference to civic obligations. Education not only pays but it is essential for each of our citizens.

Things such as these call for leadership, and let us not forget that we always look to our educators for our leaders. "We need men of thought and action, men of knowledge, men of insight, men of vision, men whose horizon is broad and whose thinking is controlled by the scientific and best principles, men who are capable of marking out the path for themselves and their fellows and setting the pace for others to follow." This is one thing that fits one for this day and that is education. Business and industry is founded and staffed by graduates of our educational institutions.

Education helps industry in another way also. An ignorant people have few wants which are easily supplied, and the thing which keeps industry thriving is that educated people have many wants and therefore their buying demands create industries and jobs. Those who would cure the present period of depression by crippling the schools would instead increase the depression by crippling industry.

But let us not think of education as acquired only in schools. An education is merely created upon what one gets in school or college. Any person at the present time may acquire an education if he will make use of the opportunities around him. Anyone can become educated in any line by merely buying out a course of reading in that line and sticking to it in spite of all obstacles. It will mean work, yes, but it will pay in increased earning power, in a larger and fuller life, in increased opportunities to help in social service, and in personal enjoyment. Education may be for each of us a golden key

opening for us the gate to the land of our heart's desire.

W. O. PILFREY,  
Attendance Supervisor, Morgan county

## FREE TEXTBOOKS

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 1, 1935  
Dear Superintendent:

Please take the following statement with reference to free textbooks. First, it is not the purpose of the state board of education to provide free textbooks for sixth grade pupils. Several weeks ago a resolution was unanimously adopted that the free textbook division should provide books for the first five grades. However, in many one room schools the course of study requires fifth grade pupils this year to do sixth grade work. It was their order that sixth grade books should be provided for those fifth grade pupils whose classes are combined with those of the sixth grade.

Second: A law suit filed against the state textbook commission a few months ago necessarily delayed publishing companies in getting books ready for schools opening early in the season. For this reason, and also because some superintendents required more books than needed, it became necessary to make considerable reductions in many of the orders.

All those who have recently sent in supplementary orders, we are checking with their annual reports, census reports, and original applications, and are filling them as fast as possible.

Third: In order that there may be sufficient funds to make all necessary replacements, which will, of course, be made from the newly adopted lists, the old books being used as long as they are in usable form, we respectfully urge upon the superintendents to be as conservative in their re-orderings and as careful in the use of all books as possible.

Very truly yours,  
J. VIRGIL CHAPMAN,  
Free Textbook Division

## ADDRESS

By Miss Ruth Theobald

Today we are beginning to think about supplementary books in our schools. We have stopped thinking about a single textbook. We are thinking about numbers of supplementary and library books. The idea back of the library is that the child has learned the mechanics of reading, the boy or girl is going to learn to read stories without his or her knowledge. We have been finding out some things about books and libraries in Kentucky. A report that was issued in January gave us some information about the state as a whole. In Kentucky there is not one library book per child in the elementary schools. Suppose you don't have money to buy books. The state library commission lends books to schools, fifty at a time, with only a small cost to the school. You have to write rather early so that you can be sure of getting your books. We have usually two few books in the classroom for younger children. Children have read books in the most part that were too hard for them. We try to select books that are interesting and inexpensive.

Have some place in your classroom where children can go and read. Posters can be gotten free of charge. Try in every way to make your classroom attractive.

## SUBDISTRICT TRUSTEES

By Forest Lacy

The question comes to our mind "What has the subdistrict trustee done for us?" Have you had the experience of giving \$50 in order to get the school you taught? It is the birthright of every child to have an education. When a trustee sells a school, he is selling the birthright of a community. Have you ever gone into a district to teach school when someone said, "Well, friend, I am hoping that you will do well this year, but I am afraid you will not!"

Many of you found the school buildings in poor condition. You found the windows broken, locks broken, etc. The trustee should feel it his duty to look after these things. When you go out into a community, you are going to have to be the trustee and the teacher both. In Kentucky, the trustee is gradually being done away with.

## ANNOUNCEMENT

The book store and supply store will be open on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays. Teachers must call for free books on the above days. Seventh and eighth grade books may be purchased at the book store, located in court house. We expect to have a complete supply of books by next week.

## REQUIREMENTS

The contributions to the School Page may be a source of annoyance to us but since the school environment introduces such a variety of subjects that are rich in thought and are of interest to all, we should have little trouble meeting this requirement.

Perhaps the thoughts that are in our minds right now are those that in some way involve us in our job of teaching. Our thoughts may be on administration, supervision, attendance, project methods, unit methods, teacher rating, teachers' salaries, teacher employment, getting a school for next year, helping teachers, P.T.A. organizations, funds for school purchasing, civic programs, religion, social and political matters. Since we have such a range of topics for comment, we should find excerpts from our contributions on the school page. It is true that not all we write will merit recognition, perhaps, due to limited space.

It is not constructive suggested topics to include condemning criticism because there are too many deserving things to be said to allow the knocker a space in our columns.

We are leaning on a new educational program and we teachers should support the program at least 100 percent regardless of how we may feel about the matter. It is a step which will unify our schools and give teachers a professional attitude as well as making the school system a source of pride. We cannot be envious because of the cost or what we may term a lack of efficiency. The restraint which the administration places upon us should not produce bitterness because the program is one that is much needed and one that has already earned recognition outside of our county. Teachers should school men who are proud of that have given us this new program. Their wish should be to help it.

The education of children is a business which must be organized upon sound business and professional principles. It must have respected administrators, supervisors and teachers. We cannot cling to past educational practices and be progressive. The intelligent society about us is different from that of yesterday. The world has changed and to meet these changes the purposes and methods of public school education must also change to meet the needs of today and not the needs of ten years ago.

There is perhaps no other business in which employees are required to give so little, nor is there a business in which the public is so easily satisfied as in the business of public school education. This is due, perhaps, to the fact that it is financed by the state and is therefore generally considered a sort of common inheritance which is free of restrictions.

Now that a constructive educational program is offered to Morgan county children, let us Morgan counties step up and give our services unreservedly while we have an opportunity.

## TEACHING PRIMARY ARITHMETIC

By Daisy Rose

The teacher should stress accuracy, speed, concentration, reason, and judgment in the teaching of primary arithmetic. The first teaching of primary arithmetic is taught along with the reading. You may also make figures on the blackboard arranged from one to ten and in order and have the child show where one, two, and so on are. The most effective way of teaching primary arithmetic is by playing games. My favorite game is the game of flowers.

The use of cards in the teaching of addition is very helpful. The teacher should make arithmetic as interesting as possible to the child. Drill a little at a time and often, prevent cheating, be cheerful and happy, and guide the child to a clear understanding.

## EMERGENCY DISTRICTS

Frankfort, Ky., April 25, 1935

Supt. Ova O. Haney  
Morgan County Schools  
West Liberty, Kentucky.  
My dear Supt. Haney:

The state board of education has authorized me to notify you that the subdistricts with less than fifty white census pupils, submitted in your application of April 17, have been approved as emergency subdistricts for a period of one year.

Very truly yours,  
MOSS WALTON, Director  
Census and Attendance

Falls' Roar Is Loud  
The roar of Cumberland falls in Kentucky, where water plunges 88 feet, can be heard from a distance of 12 miles at times.



## Takes No Time to Make Cotton Frock

PATTERN 2315



Make it in percale for a morning frock. Make it in novelty cotton, shantung or pique for a sports frock. And then make it again in silk crepe for an afternoon frock!

This pattern will make a charming frock for nearly any summer day-time occasion. Its lines are particularly good—for the "not-too-slim" figure. Moreover, it can be run up before the clock moves round. Note both versions of the flattering collar. Pleated sleeves, a kick pleat, and cleverly placed fullness all contribute to the charm. Two or three frocks of this pattern will prove classics in your wardrobe.

Pattern 2315 is available in sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46. Size 36 takes 4½ yards 36 inch fabric. Illustrated sepiol-step sewing instructions included.

SEND FIFTEEN CENTS (15¢) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Write plainly name, address and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE.

Address orders to the Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 243 West Seventeenth Street, New York City.

## Smiles

## SOCIALLY SPEAKING

"Is she merciless in social rivalries?"

"Yes," said Miss Cayenne. "Of course, you have heard of the spear that knows no brother."

"What of it?"

"She wields a salad fork that knows no sister."

## Everything Fits

"But you advertised a bed-sitting room."

"Certainly. This is it."

"Well, I see the bed, but where's the sitting room?"

"On the bed."

## Adamant

Boss—And has he written any lasting thing?

Jack—He's renewed a note that he gave me 40 times.

## Cold That Clattered

Jack—You say she partly returned your affections?

Toni—Yes, she sent back my letters but kept all the jewelry.



## OUR COMIC SECTION

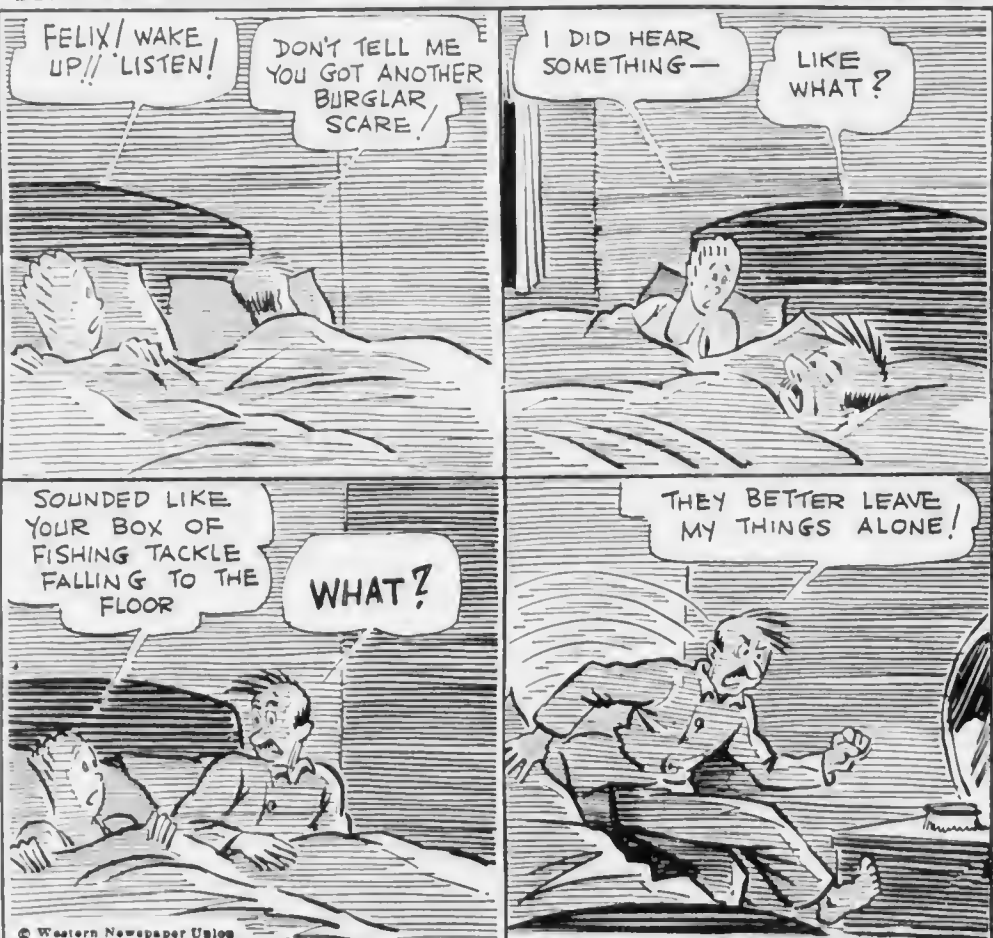
## Events in the Lives of Little Men



## THE FEATHERHEADS

By Osborne

## Mad Moment



## FINNEY OF THE FORCE

By Ted O'Loughlin

## Calling the Roll



## Oriental Drape and Classic Pleat

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



SEEKING a new fashion thrill? Here it is and a rather startling one when it comes to "something different." It's the draped silhouette either of Hindu or classic Greek influence. Look for it this fall, for draped fullness is on the way. As a matter of fact it has already arrived.

For quite some time Paris designers have been giving these draped effects a good try-out in evening wraps and gowns. When Schiaparelli and Alix and others first displayed gowns that either went bare or were daintily draped in a Hindu or classic Greek influence, when artificial pleats went classic Greek and the sari and the Indian blouse made their dramatic appearance, they created no end of excitement in fashion's domain. The venture went over with such overwhelming success style creators were led to adopt the idea of drapes and pleats as a workable formula in the designing of the new fall and winter modes.

The oriental influence which is being so dramatically exploited this season is shown in the costume to the right in the picture. The front fullness which is a characteristic feature of the newer fashions is achieved through both shirring and draping. As the season progresses the importance of front fullness will become increasingly apparent. The new softly styled frocks, the new separate skirts and the new coats all emphasize this trend. In harmony with this idea of front fullness comes the vogue of draped bodices. The most important feature of these smartly draped bodices is that their technique involves the use of gathers and fullness that seems to radiate from the shoulder line.

It is also significant that this stunning gown is made of chiffon, for the formal afternoon gown of filmy black is proving a favorite among best dressed women. The square neckline

stone buttons add sparkle to the costume. The hat of quilted silk is very unusual—suggests Egyptian inspiration.

The other gown is likewise made of black silk chiffon. The waist-depth jacket is done in all-over exquisitely fine accordion pleating. The blouse and the softly tied and pleated sash are of bright vermillion silk chiffon. The classic arrangement of this sash obviously suggests Greek influence. The Greek trends are redefined in every realm of fashion, ranging from evening gowns to lunch costumes. Beach wraps are so designed as to fall over the shoulder in classic cascade pleats. Then there are the lovely white chiffon evening gowns that are all-over pleated and go trailing in grace with pleated capelike scarfs which fall over the shoulder in most picturesque fashion.

One outcome of Greek influence is the vogue which calls for dachshund Greek sandals. The smartest Parisiennes are wearing them fashioned of gilt leather. Picture a gown of Greek inspiration made of white crepe. The sculptured classic look is accented with a handsome gold cord with tassels about the waist. Gilt leather Greek sandals add the final touch.

The Hindu turban which the lady to the left in the illustration is wearing is noteworthy in that advance millinery showings are placing particular stress on the importance of Hindu-draped turbans for immediate wear with one's midsummer frocks. These charming turbans and berets are made either of black or white crepe or chiffon. As you see in the picture the thin fabric is twisted and shirred in interesting fashion. A new look is achieved this season for berets and turbans of Oriental inspiration in that they are worn, in some instances, back over the forehead.

© Western Newspaper Union.

## MIDSEASON COAT

By CHERIE NICHOLAS



A swaggy coat of uncompromising simplicity in your favorite pastel shade is the thing to wear right now over that summer frock you love best. The model pictured is developed in a new novelty woolen that combines the appearance of chinchilla with the softness of polo cloth.

## Sea-Shell for Hat Clips

The latest clips for hats and dresses are paluted seashells.

## MODERN VOGUE IN SCENT APPLICATION

A delightful new vogue in scent application—one particularly effective and appropriate with sleeveless and backless summer frocks and beach wear—is the one sponsored by a famous old French perfume house. Perfume, according to them, should not be applied to the clothing or handkerchief, or in little dabs behind the ears (as most American women apply it), but should be applied directly to the skin, spread over it in lavish quantities. Applied in this way, scent becomes an intrinsic part of the personality, being modified differently by the different texture of each skin, and so acquiring a warmer and richer, as well as an individual, fragrance.

A lovely and refreshing preparation known as "skin perfume" which should serve a double purpose in the sticky summer months (since it is cooling and stimulating as well as fragrant) is produced by this French house. The skin perfume comes, incidentally, in the fresh and delicate scent of lilac, unprecedentedly popular this year both as spring and summer shade and as floral perfume.

Another new note in scent fashion widely advocated this summer is the combination of perfume and dusting powder in the same scent to give one a single, individual fragrance. These combined perfume and dusting powder packages are ideal for summer use, from the viewpoint of comfort as well as charm.

## Beauty Hint

An astringent lotion with a powder base makes an excellent foundation for make-up during warm weather. It may also be used to cleanse the face several times during the day before applying powder.







